



# EU SOLIDARITY WITH UKRAINE

#StandWithUkraine  
November 2023



The EU stands united in its **unwavering support of Ukraine** in the face of Russia's unprovoked and unjustified aggression and the illegal annexation of Ukrainian territory by the Russian Federation. The EU firmly condemns this violation of international law.

The EU has offered **temporary protection to people** fleeing the war. Since the start of Russia's war of aggression, the EU, Member States and the European Financial Institutions, in a Team Europe approach, are making available over **€67.7 billion** in financial, humanitarian, emergency budget, and military support to Ukraine.

Together with the resources made available to help Member States cater for needs of Ukrainians fleeing the war in the EU, the overall support to Ukraine and Ukrainians amounts to **€84.7 billion**.

Team Europe is making available **€40.6 billion** in financial, budget support and humanitarian assistance

This includes an unprecedented financial support package of up to **€18 billion** for Ukraine in 2023

Around **€27 billion** in additional military assistance for Ukraine has been made available under the European Peace Facility and by Member States bilaterally

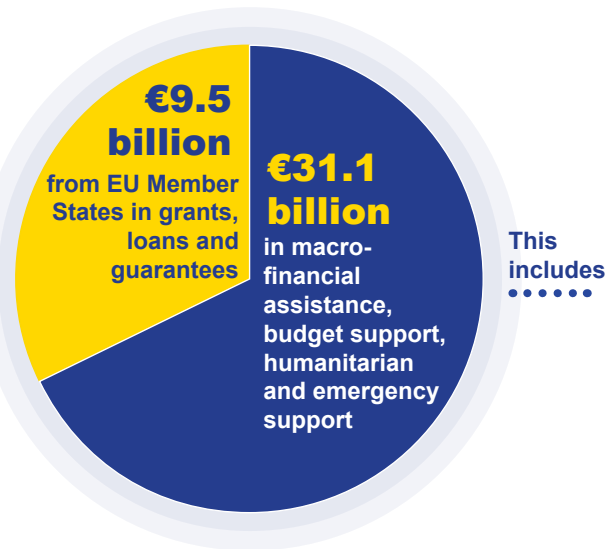
## SUPPORT FOR UKRAINE'S ECONOMY

In 2022, the support provided or guaranteed by the EU budget amounted to **€11.6 billion**, **€10.5 billion** of which has been disbursed (including **€7.2 billion** in macro-financial assistance, **€2 billion** in grants contributed directly by the European Commission, and **€2.4 in loans** of European Financial Institutions enabled by the EU budget). In addition, the EU is providing an unprecedented support package for Ukraine of up to **€18 billion** for 2023, in the form of highly concessional loans, of which **€16.5 billion** has already been disbursed. Thanks to this, Ukraine is able to keep paying wages and pensions and maintain essential public services, such as hospitals, schools, and housing for relocated people. It will also ensure macroeconomic stability, and help restore critical infrastructure destroyed.

### Disbursements under the macro-financial assistance since the start of the war



Since the start of the invasion, the EU has mobilised over **€1.2 billion** in bilateral cooperation, including budget support operations and a **€330 million emergency package** focused on the immediate needs of internally displaced persons, including social housing and repair of damaged infrastructure, in particular heating, water and sewage facilities. Ongoing projects and EU grants for blending operations worth a total of **€286 million** have been adjusted to meet urgent needs on the ground. As part of the commitment made during the College-to-Government meeting and the EU-Ukraine Summit, **€1 billion** of EU support will be mobilised for Ukraine's fast recovery to be financed from EU budget and EIB loans. The EU **has suspended import duties**, quotas and trade defence measures on Ukrainian exports to the EU until June 2024. Ukraine also participates in a series of EU programmes.



**Up to €25.2 billion**  
in macro-financial assistance to help Ukraine address urgent needs on the ground including new package for 2023 of up to €18 billion

**€2.6 billion**  
in loans and guarantees by the EIB, EBRD and other international financial institutions guaranteed by the EU, to help Ukraine meet its financing needs, support strategic state-owned companies, repair damaged infrastructure and ensure municipal service

**€585 million**  
in bilateral cooperation to increase Ukraine's resilience and support reforms

**€5.6 billion**  
under EPF to support the delivery of military equipment

**€620 million**  
in budget support from the EU to help Ukraine meet urgent needs on the ground

**€ 785 million**  
in humanitarian assistance

**€330 million**  
emergency package to support needs of internally displaced population, municipalities, health support, critical infrastructure rehabilitation, media and cyber-security

**€192 million**  
for ongoing projects adjusted to meet urgent needs on the ground

**€114 million**  
€100 million for rehabilitating schools, and €14 million for school buses

**€94 million**  
in EU grants for blending projects with EIB and other financial institutions like Nefco and KfW

**€154 million**  
for crisis response measures

**€31 million**  
for civil society

**€202 million**  
under Connecting Europe Facility for Solidarity Lanes

**€16 million**  
for nuclear safety cooperation

**€21.5 million**  
for humanitarian demining from the EU budget as part of the rapid response funding.

## THE EU-UKRAINE SOLIDARITY LANES

The European Commission and EU Member States established, together with Ukraine and the Republic of Moldova, the EU-Ukraine **Solidarity Lanes** – essential corridors to ensure that Ukraine can export grain and other agricultural products, but also import the goods it needs, from humanitarian aid to animal feed and fertilisers. According to Ukrainian customs registers, since the start of the war they have enabled the export of **108 million tonnes** of goods, of which more than **60 million tonnes of Ukrainian agricultural products**.

**€1 billion**, including contributions from the Commission, the European Investment Bank, the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development and the World Bank Group, are being mobilised for scaling up the Solidarity Lanes.



## WELCOMING PEOPLE FLEEING THE WAR

On 4 March, the EU activated the Temporary Protection Directive giving displaced people fleeing the war in Ukraine residency rights, access to the labour market and suitable accommodation or means to obtain housing, medical care, and access to education for children. EU countries have welcomed millions of people from Ukraine since 24 February 2022 and have recorded around **4 million** registrations for temporary protection. The Commission introduced maximum flexibility so that Member States can also use unspent 2014-2020 cohesion funds to support people fleeing the war. Thanks to this, up to **€17 billion** have been made available.



## HUMANITARIAN AID AND CIVIL PROTECTION

The Commission has allocated **€785 million for humanitarian aid** programmes in Ukraine to be implemented by humanitarian partners on the ground including **€300 million** for 2023. In line with the priorities of the Ukrainian government, the EU humanitarian assistance provides shelter, multi-purpose cash support, protection, healthcare, food assistance, education in emergencies, and water and sanitation. In addition, **97,000 tonnes** of in-kind assistance with an estimated value of over **€796 million** has been delivered to Ukraine from EU Member States and partners via the EU Civil Protection Mechanism. This includes, via the **rescEU** emergency stockpiles, over **€127 million** worth of shelter, energy, medical and specialised equipment for public health risks such as chemical, biological, radiological and nuclear threats for Ukraine. More than **€110 million** has been provided by the EU and Member States for humanitarian demining including 21.5 million from the EU budget.

The EU has also successfully coordinated over **2,800 medical evacuations** of Ukrainian patients to provide them with specialised healthcare in hospitals across Europe.

EU (including Member States and Participating States) offered over **5,000 power generators** to Ukraine's national authorities via the EU Civil Protection Mechanism and rescEU strategic reserves. Further **2,500 generators** have been delivered via a repurposed cooperation programme focused on decentralisation. At the request of the European Commission, around **€332.3 million** have been made available to cover the immediate needs in the energy sector under the Ukraine Energy Support Fund established by the Energy Community. The EU is also delivering 35 million LED light bulbs for Ukraine.

To date, the EU has mobilised **3,000 shelter units** from the rescEU shelter reserve hosted by Sweden.

## SUPPORT FOR UKRAINIAN SCHOOL CHILDREN

Since the invasion of February 2022, The EU is supporting safe access to education in Ukraine in the amount of **EUR 88 million**. Activities includes school rehabilitation, establishing of learning spaces, mine risk education and psychosocial support to children, teachers and caregivers. Thanks to **€14 million** from the European Commission and a EU-wide solidarity campaign, more than 370 buses are have been donated, including from authorities, cities, regions, and transport organisations in 11 EU countries, channelled through the EU Civil

Protection Mechanism. The Commission also delivered half a million textbooks to 5th grade students which will support a generation of learners.

## SUPPORT FOR RESILIENCE AND CIVIL SOCIETY

Since the beginning of Russia's aggression, the EU has stepped up its immediate support to strengthen Ukraine's **cyber resilience**. Equipment, software and other related support in the value of **€10 million** has been delivered. Further **€19 million** from the **€330 million package** have been provided to support **resilient digital transformation**. The EU is providing **€31 million** to support civil society under the Civil Society and the Human rights and Democracy Thematic programmes.



## HOLDING RUSSIA ACCOUNTABLE

As part of a wider **€154 million** rapid-reaction support measures for early recovery and rehabilitation, the EU is also supporting the International Criminal Court **investigations into war crimes committed by Russia** with **€7.5 million**. Eurojust supports the Joint Investigation Team, which was set up between Poland, Latvia, Estonia, Slovakia, Romania, Lithuania, Ukraine, and the International Criminal Court as a participant. While continuing to support the work and key role of the International Criminal Court, the Commission has continued discussions with the international community on the different mechanisms for prosecution of the crime of aggression committed against Ukraine.

To help coordinate the collection of evidence, an International Centre for the Prosecution of the Crime of Aggression against Ukraine, embedded in the existing Joint Investigation Team supported by Eurojust, was established with the support of the Commission in The Hague and has started operations. The Centre supports the coordination of investigations and further collection of evidence of the war crimes committed against Ukraine. More than **€28 billion** of private assets of listed persons and entities have been frozen so far. More than **€210 billion** of the Central Bank of Russia assets are immobilised in the EU. To make the most of these funds for the rebuilding of Ukraine, the Commission has proposed different options to Member States, which it is now discussing with them and its international partners.

## SUPPORT FOR MILITARY EQUIPMENT AND TRAINING

**€5.6 billion** were mobilised under the **European Peace Facility** to support the delivery of military equipment to the Ukrainian Armed Forces. In addition, thanks to **€168 million** of financial support, the **EU Military Assistance Mission for Ukraine** is tackling urgent and longer-term training needs of the Ukrainian Armed Forces and has trained so far close to 32,000 Ukrainian soldiers. EU military support for Ukraine – provided by the European Peace Facility and the Member States individually – is around **€27 billion**.



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Luxembourg: Publications Office of the European Union, 2023  
Print ISBN 978-92-68-09686-4 doi:10.2775/731298 NA-09-23-583-EN-C  
PDF ISBN 978-92-68-09680-2 doi:10.2775/60512 NA-09-23-583-EN-N